

EDWIN AUGUSTUS GROSVENOR

Edwin Augustus Grosvenor, emeritus professor of history at Amherst College, died at the age of ninety-one at Amherst on September 15, 1936. He was born in Newburyport, Mass., August 30, 1845, the son of Dr. Edwin Prescott and Harriet (Sanborne) Grosvenor. After a preparatory education at the Brown High School in Newburyport, he attended Amherst College, from which he was graduated in 1867 with the degree of A.B., which was followed by the degree of A.M. from Amherst in 1870. He then went to Robert College in Constantinople where he acted as tutor from 1867 to 1871. Returning to this country, he attended Andover Theological School and was ordained at Newburyport in 1872. He then went back to Robert College where he was professor of Latin and history until 1890. Returning to New England in 1892, he taught literature and French at Amherst College until 1895, simultaneously serving as professor of history at Smith College. In 1895 he was elected professor of European history at Amherst and there remained, successively teaching the history of modern governments and international law, until 1914. He then retired from active teaching, to spend the rest of his life in research and in taking part in various activities connected with the College, which was very close to his heart. Throughout his career at Amherst, he was one of the most popular members of the college faculty, and affectionately known as "Grosvie," he was beloved by the alumni as well as the students. He married in 1873 Lillian Hovey Waters, daughter of Asa H. Waters of Millbury, Mass., by whom he had four children.

Dr. Grosvenor received many scholastic honors. He was granted the degree of LL.D. from Wabash College in 1903, from Alfred University in 1904, from Marietta College in 1910 and from William and Mary College in 1913; and the degree of Litt.D. from Amherst in 1914. He was particularly interested in Phi Beta Kappa, and

at the time of the 150th anniversary of the Society at William and Mary in 1926, he was the first to be granted a replica of the original silver badge of the Society for distinguished services to the organization. His devotion to linguistic and historical studies is reflected in the books of which he was author or translator. His volumes covered many titles on general or contemporary history, of which the most significant was his two-volume work on "Constantinople" published in 1895, with an introduction by his friend Lew Wallace. He was elected to membership in various scholarly societies, both in this country and in Europe. He was elected to the American Antiquarian Society in 1896, and in 1897 contributed to its Proceedings a paper on "The Permanence of the Greek Type." His son, Gilbert Hovey Grosvenor, president of the National Geographic Society, elected in 1937, carries on his father's membership in the Society.

C. S. B.

CHARLES SEABURY HALE

Charles Seabury Hale, curator of manuscripts at the American Antiquarian Society, died at his home in Worcester, May 24, 1936. He was born in Millbury, Mass., January 8, 1856, in the Captain Charles Hale house which is still standing, the son of Luther Holman and Charlotte (Seabury) Hale. He came to Worcester in 1878, to become connected with the Torrey Razor Company, where he remained for forty-eight years. He then retired from commercial business to take the position of curator of manuscripts in the American Antiquarian Society. He entered upon this work in 1926, and in ten years revolutionized the appearance of the manuscripts room. Where previously

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